



Neue zielgerichtete Therapien in der Brustkrebsforschung – was wir von diesen Therapien erwarten

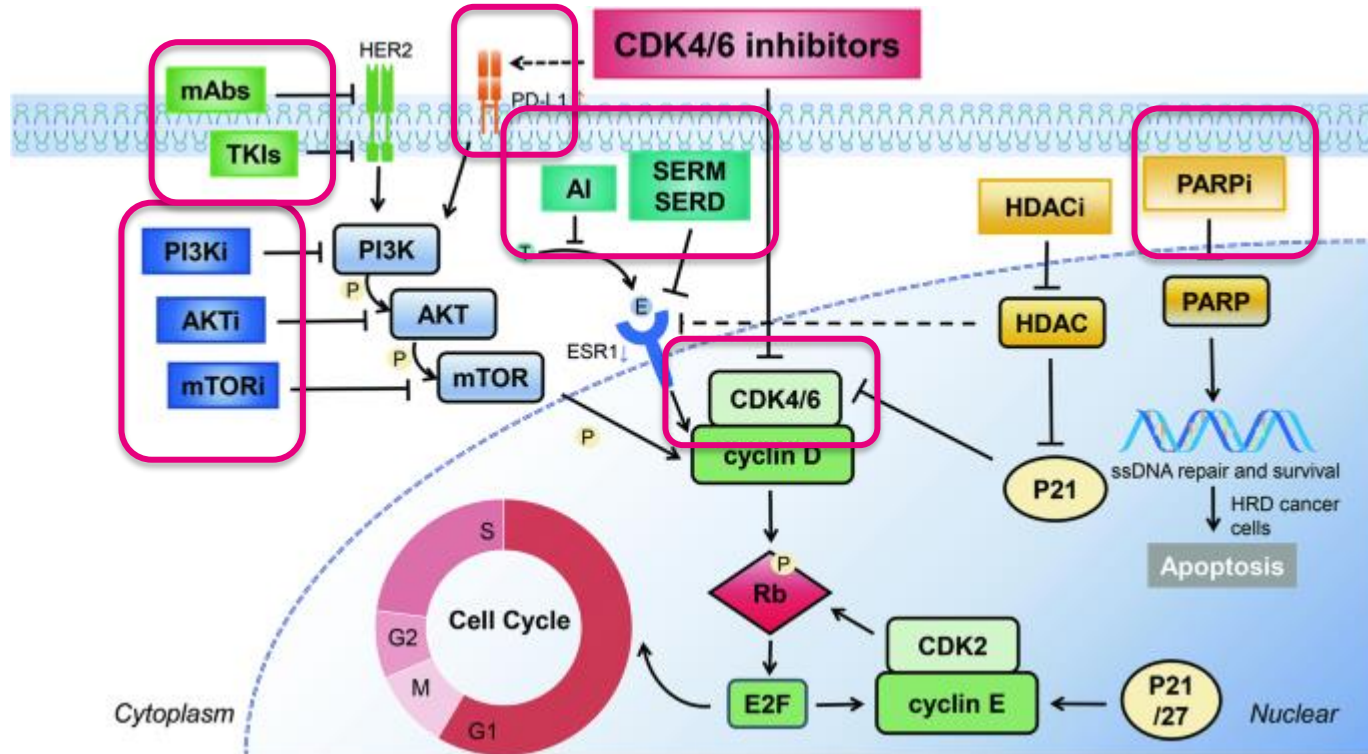
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Conflict of Interest

- Employee of: German Breast Group (GBG) Forschungs GmbH, Neu-Isenburg, Germany.
- Consulting or Advisory Role: Pfizer, Roche, Novartis, Seattle Genetics, Lilly, AstraZeneca/MedImmune, Bristol-Myers Squibb, Abbvie, Amgen, Daiichi Sankyo, GlaxoSmithKline, Eisai Europe, Relay Therapeutics, Sanofi, Olema Pharmaceuticals, Menarini Group, MSD Oncology, BeiGene, Bicycle Therapeutics, BMS, Jazz Pharmaceuticals (paid to institution).
- Speakers' Bureau: AstraZeneca, Daiichi Sankyo Europe GmbH, Novartis, Pfizer, Roche, Gilead Sciences, Seattle Genetics, Menarini Group, Agendia, Bayer, Medscape, MSD, Stemline Therapeutics, Streamedup! (paid to institution).
- Research Funding: Abbvie, AstraZeneca, Celgene, Novartis, Pfizer, Daiichi Sankyo, Gilead, MolecularHealth, Menarini Group, Greenwich LifeSciences (paid to institution).
- Patents, Royalties, Other Intellectual Property: Patent Pending EP14153692.0, Patent Pending EP21152186.9, Patent Issued EP15702464.7, Patent Pending EP19808852.8, Digital Ki67 Evaluator, VM Scope GmbH (paid to institution).
- Personal disclosures: personal fees and non-financial support from Daiichi Sankyo, non-financial support from Hologic, personal fees from MSD Oncology, personal fees from Novartis, personal fees from Palles Health Care, personal fees from Pfizer, personal fees from Roche Pharma, personal fees from Seagen and personal fees from Bayer AG.

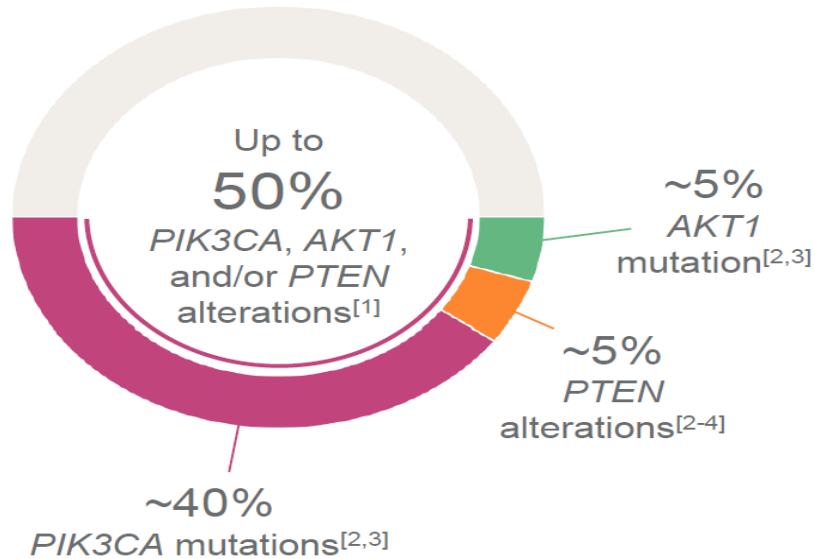
Molekulare Ziele für Therapien bei Brustkrebs

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Neue endokrine Therapien (Auszug)

PI3K Pathway Alterationen



Gene	Key Genetic Alterations	Consequence
<i>PIK3CA</i> ^[2]	Point mutations of <i>PIK3CA</i>	Gain of function of PI3K
<i>AKT1</i> ^[3]	Point mutations of <i>AKT1</i>	Gain of function of AKT protein
<i>PTEN</i> ^[4]	Point mutations, large deletions, and genomic rearrangements involving <i>PTEN</i>	Loss of function of PTEN protein

1. Martorana F, et al. Front Pharmacol. 2021;12:662232; 2. Miricescu D, et al. Int J Mol Sci. 2020;22:173; 3. Smyth LM, et al. Cancer Discov. 2020;10:526-535; 4. Chen J, et al. Front Oncol. 2022;12:825484

- San Antonio Breast Cancer Symposium®, December 5–9, 2023

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	No. of Patients	No. of Events	Median Progression-free Survival (95% CI) <i>mo</i>
at	155	121	7.3 (5.5–9.0)
nt	134	115	3.1 (2.0–3.7)

Adjusted hazard ratio for disease progression or death, 0.50 (95% CI, 0.38–0.65)

P<0.001

PFS (%)

100
75
50
25
0

0 3 6 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30 33 36

Time (mo)

— Inavo+Palbo+Fulv
— Pbo+Palbo+Fulv
+ Censored

6-month 12-month 18-month

82.9%
55.9%
55.9%
46.2%
32.6%
21.1%

	Inavo+Palbo+Fulv (n=161)	Pbo+Palbo+Fulv (n=164)
No. of events, n (%)	82 (50.9)	113 (68.9)
Median (95% CI), mo	15.0 (11.3, 20.5)	7.3 (5.6, 9.3)
Stratified hazard ratio (95% CI)	0.43 (0.32, 0.59) p<0.0001	

at risk:
Inavo+Palbo+Fulv
Pbo+Palbo+Fulv

Time (mo)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
Inavo+Palbo+Fulv	161	134	111	92	66	48	41	31	22	13	11	5	1
Pbo+Palbo+Fulv	164	113	77	60	40	23	19	16	12	6	3	1	1

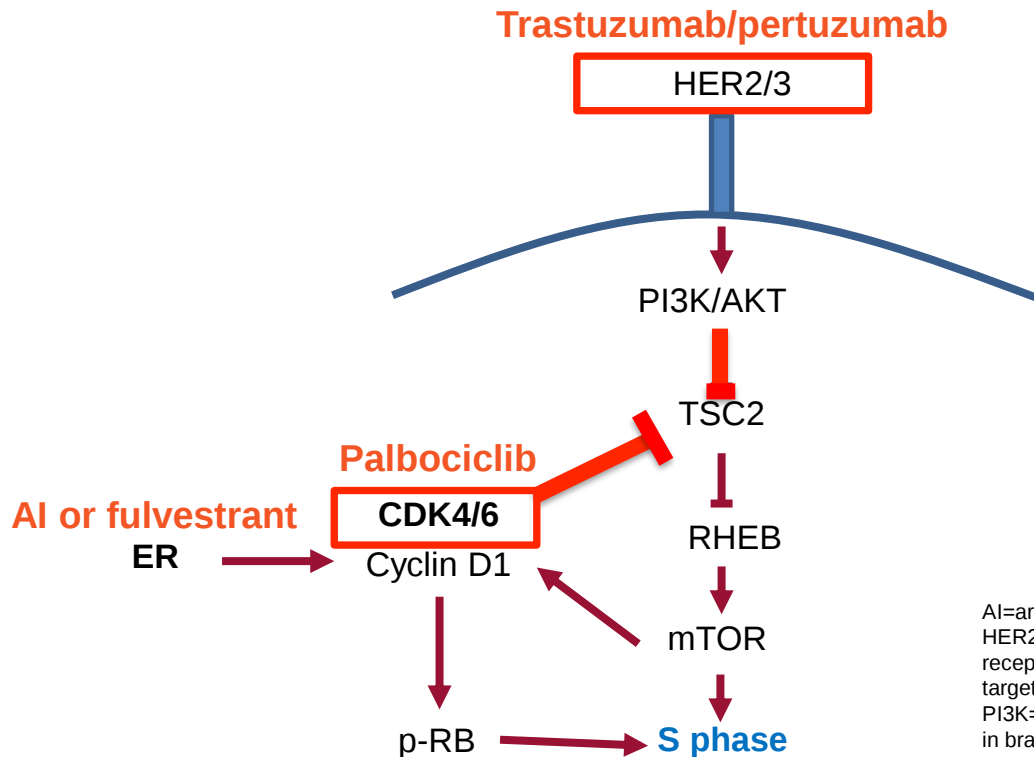
Median follow-up:
21.3 months

CI, confidence interval; Fulv, fulvestrant; Inavo, inavolisib; mo, months; Palbo, palbociclib; Pbo, placebo; PFS, progression-free survival

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- Neben der Zulassung in dieser Situation mit Fulvestrant +/- Palbociclib wird die Kombination mit modernen endokrinen Therapien klinisch relevant
- ADC sind auf dem Vormarsch in frühe Linien
- Orale Therapien sind oftmals besser für die QoL
- T-DXd oder moderne kombinierte ET bestehend aus moderner ET + PIK3 gerichteter Therapie in der 2nd line HRpos/HER2neg?
- Adjuvanter Einsatz bestehend aus moderner ET + PIK3 gerichteter Therapie?

ET und Kombinationspartner bei HRpos/HER2pos



The HER2 and CDK4/6 pathways converge at the tumor suppressor protein TSC2

When CDK4/6 and HER2 inhibitors are combined, potent suppression of RB phosphorylation and mTORC1 activity, enhancing anti-proliferative effects in tumor cells

AI=aromatase inhibitor; AKT=protein kinase B; CDK4/6=cyclin-dependent kinase 4/6; HER2=human epidermal growth factor receptor 2; HER3=human epidermal growth factor receptor 3; CDK4/6=cyclin-dependent kinase 4/6; ER=estrogen receptor; mTOR=mammalian target of rapamycin; mTORC1=mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1; PI3K=phosphoinositide 3-kinase; p-RB=retinoblastoma protein; RHEB=ras homolog enriched in brain; S phase=synthesis phase; TSC2=tuberous sclerosis complex 2.

ET und Kombinationspartner bei HRpos/HER2pos

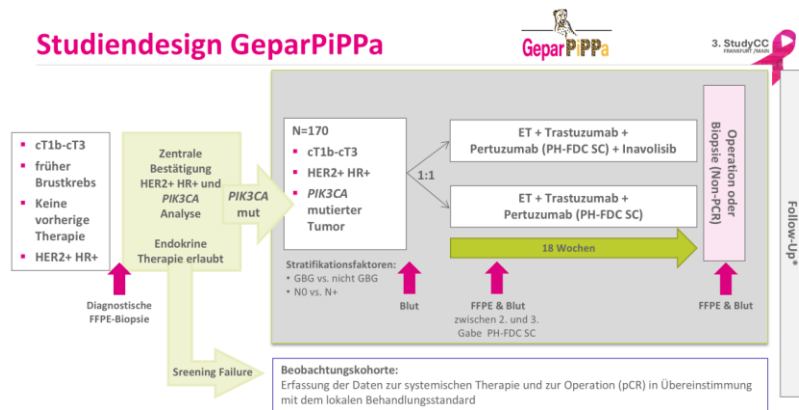
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- Der endokrine Backbone in einer Erhaltungstherapie mit Trastuzumab/Pertuzumab spielt eine Rolle beim HRpos/HER2pos Mammakarzinom
- Auch potentielle Kombinationspartner der ET spielen eine Rolle
- In der PATINA Studie wurde ein klinisch relevanter Vorteil für die Addition von Palbociclib zu ET+T+P berichtet¹

- Einsatz von CDK4/6i mit ET+T+P bei frühem HRpos/HER2pos Mammakarzinom
- Einsatz von PIK3 gerichteten Therapien mit ET+T+P bei frühem HRpos/HER2pos Mammakarzinom

Studiendesign GeparPiPPa



GBG
GERMAN
BREAST
GROUP

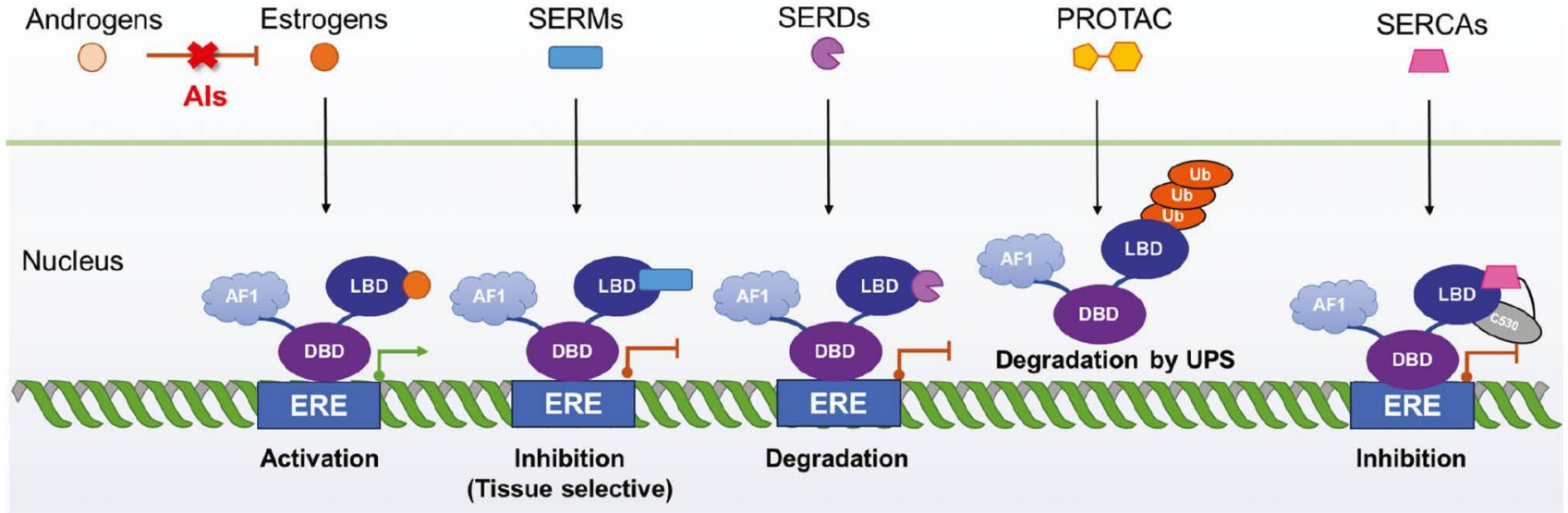
3. Study Coordinating Conference 05. März 2025

AGO-B
BREAST STUDY GROUP

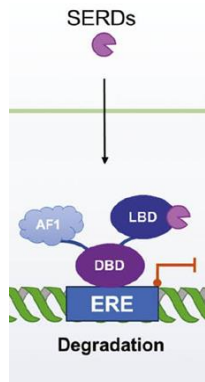
IBCSG
International Breast Cancer Study Group

ER gerichtete Medikamenten Klassen

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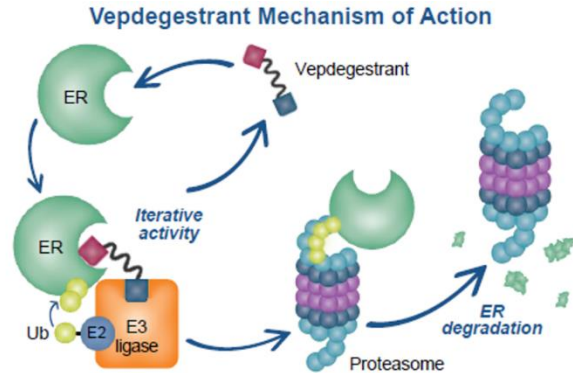
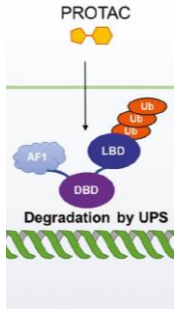


Jian Min et al. *Acta Materia Medica*. 2024



	EMERALD ^[1]	SERENA-2 ^[2]	EMBER-3 ^[3]	AMEERA-3 ^[4,5]	acelERA ^[6-8]
Treatment	Elacestrant	Camizestrant	Imlunestrant ± abemaciclib	Amcenestrant	Giredestrant
Control arm	FUL-AIs	FUL	FUL-exemestane	FUL-AIs-tamoxifen	FUL-AIs
Phase	3	2	3	2	2
N	478	240	874	367	303
Patients	Men or postmenopausal women	Postmenopausal women	Men or postmenopausal women	Men or women (any menopausal status)	Men or women (any menopausal status)
Prior CDK 4/6 inhibitor	Required (100%)	Permitted (69%)	Permitted	Permitted (79.7%)	Permitted (42%)
Allowed prior FUL	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES
Allowed prior CT in MBC	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES
Data readout	Positive	Positive	Positive	Negative	Negative

1. Bidard FC, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2022; 2. Oliveira M et al. Lancet Oncol 2024 3. Jhaveri K et al. NEJM; 2024; 5. Tolane SM, et al. Ann Oncol. 2022; 7. Martin M, et al. J Clin Oncol. 2021; 8. Martin Jimenez M, et al. Ann Oncol. 2022; Jian Min et al. Acta Materia Medica. 2024

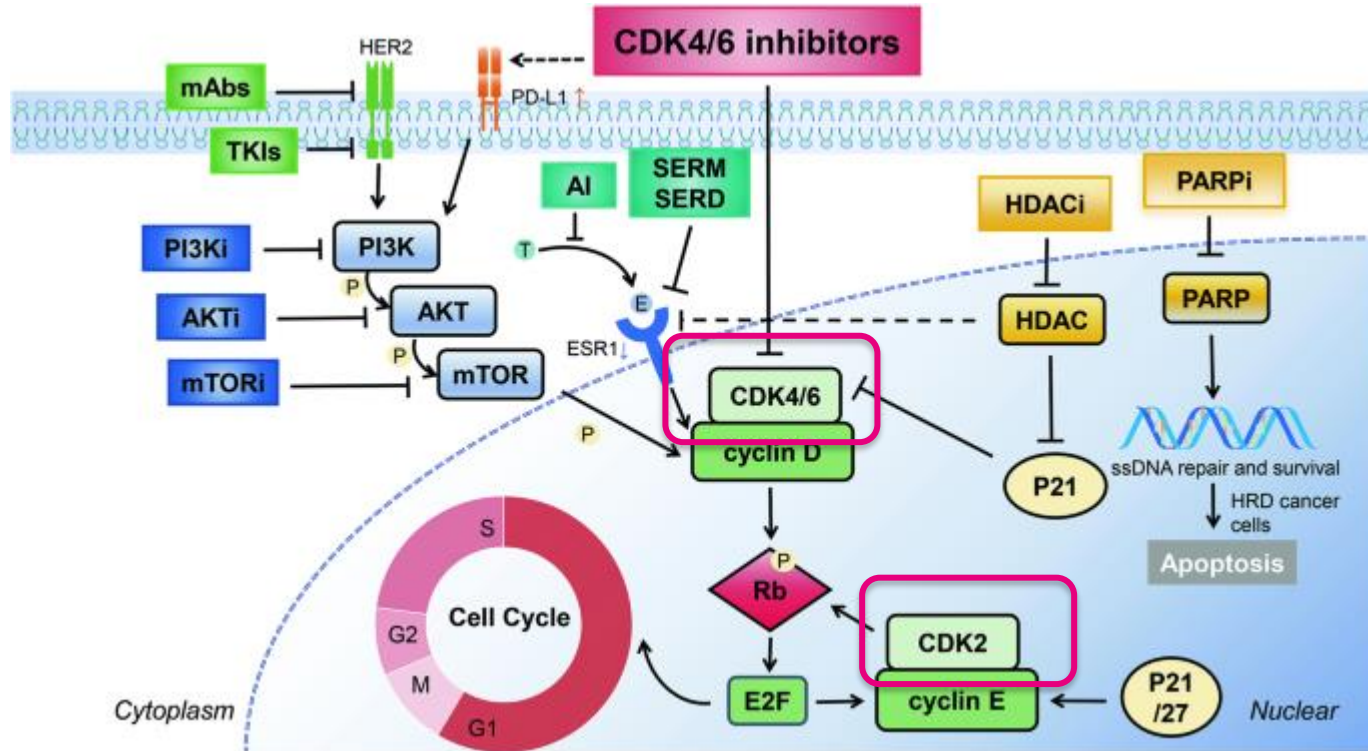


- PROteolysis TARgeting Chimera (PROTAC) heterobifunktionelle Moleküle, mit einem Liganden für das Target und (bei Vepdegestrant das ER) und einem weiteren Liganden für das Substrat (E3-Ubiquitin-Ligase-Komplex)
- Nach der Bindung an ER rekrutiert der PROTAC-Vepdegestrant einen E3-Ubiquitin-Ligase-Komplex, der ER mit Ubiquitin-Tags für den proteasomalen Abbau markiert.

Neue Kombinationspartner für endokrine Therapien

Molekulare Ziele bei Brustkrebs

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CDK4i Atirmociclib PF-07220060

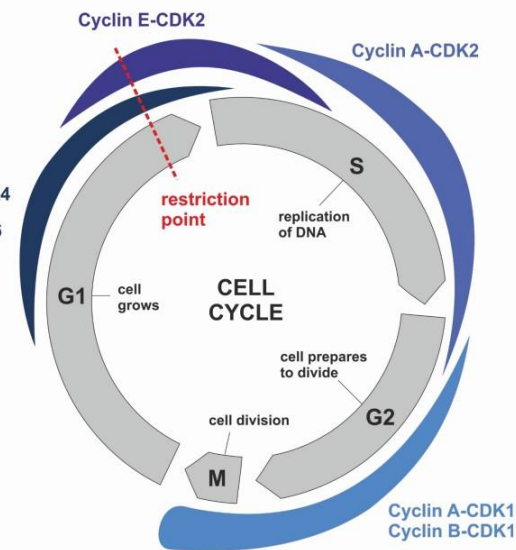
- Atirmociclib is an oral, highly potent, selective, next generation inhibitor of CDK4 with sparing of CDK6
- Phase III trial Atirmociclib + Fulvestrant vs TPC in HR+/HER2- mBC with progression on CDK4/6i+AI (NCT06105632)
- About 500 patients will be randomized 1:1
- One additional line including ESR1, PIK3CA, AKT1, PTEN, or BRCA directed treatment is allowed
- Diverse CDK4i, CDK2i, CDK2/9i bei multiplen Firmen in Entwicklung

Rb/E2F system inactive -
no cell cycle progression



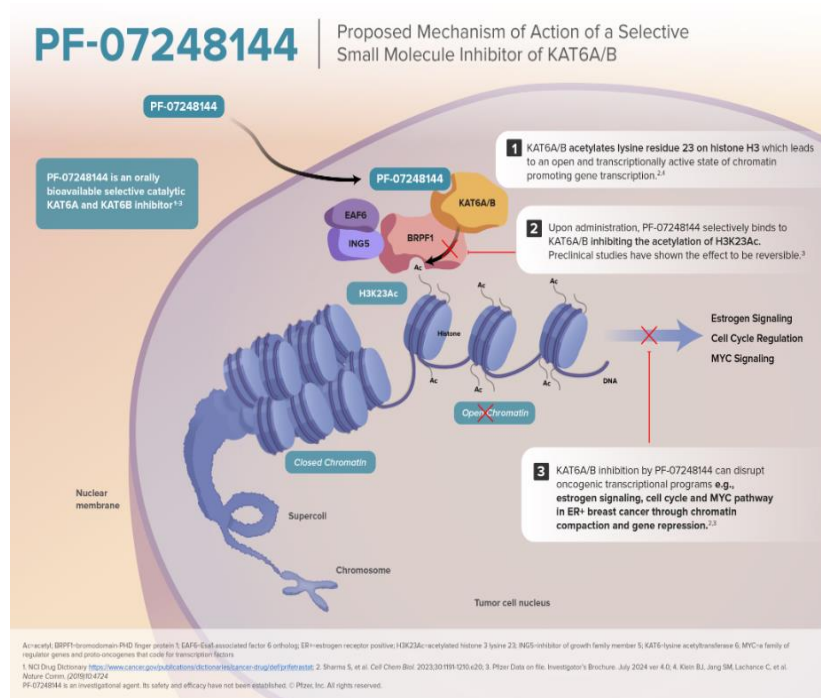
PF-07220060

Cyclin D-CDK4
Cyclin D-CDK6



Prifetrastat (PF-07248144) KAT6i

- Prifetrastat ist ein potenter und selektiver Inhibitor der Lysin-Acetyltransferasen KAT6A und KAT6B
- KAT6A Acetylierung führt zu einem entspannten Chromatinzustand, der die Gentranskription erleichtert.
- Durch die Hemmung von KAT6A und KAT6B wird die Acetylierung von H3K23 reduziert, was zu einer Chromatinkondensation und Unterdrückung der Gentranskription führt.
- Mehrere Substanzen in Entwicklung in BC



ADC Therapien (Auszug)

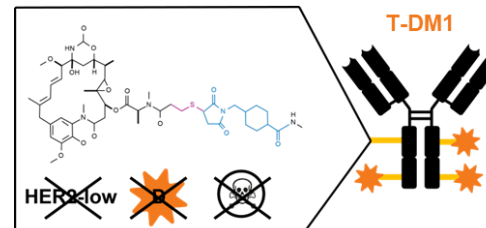
Zugelassene ADC Therapien

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2. Generation ADC

Target Antigen: HER2 (Trastuzumab vehicle)
mAb isotype: IgG1
Linker type: non-cleavable
Payload (class): DM1 (Maytansinoid)
Payload action: Microtubule inhibitor
DAR: 3.5 (mean)



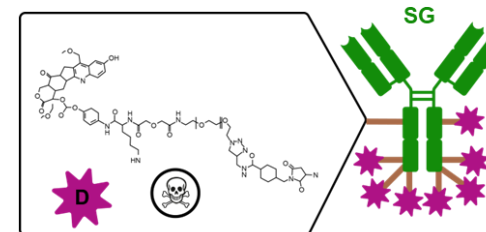
3. Generation ADC



Target Antigen: HER2 (Trastuzumab vehicle)
mAb isotype: IgG1
Linker type: cleavable
Payload (class): Dxd (Camptothecin)
Payload action: Topoisomerase-1 inhibitor
DAR: 8

3. Generation ADC

Target Antigen: TROP2
mAb isotype: IgG1
Linker type: cleavable
Payload (class): SN-38, active metabolite of irinotecan (Camptothecin)
Payload action: Topoisomerase-1 inhibitor
DAR: 8



Legend: **HER2-low** Targets HER2-low tumours



Diffusible cytotoxic moiety



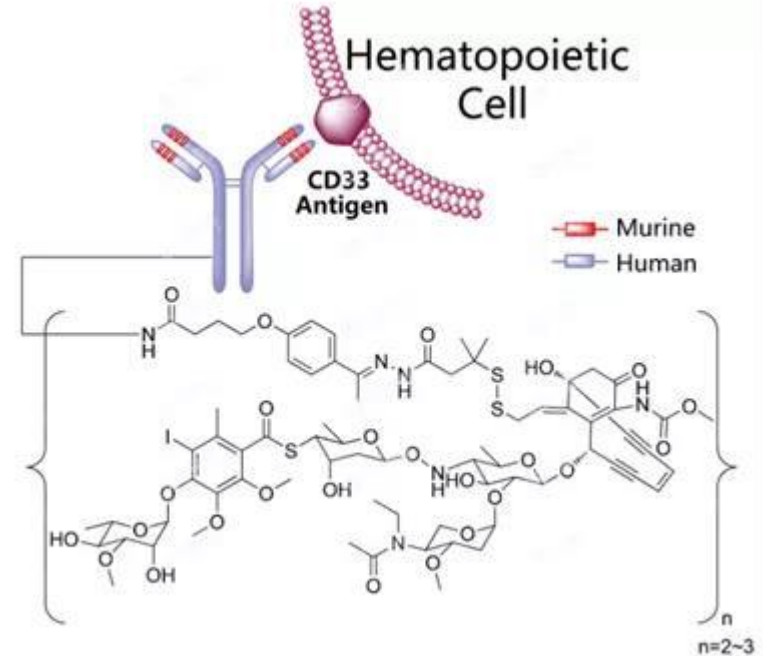
Bystander killing effect

Erste ADC Therapie Gemtuzumab Ozogamicin

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- In **2000**, the first antibody conjugate Gemtuzumab Ozogamicin was approved by FDA, the target is CD33.
- Endocytosed by the target cell, it will release calicheamicin by hydrolyzing linker, which induces double-stranded DNA breaks
- This drug is used to treat CD33-positive acute myeloid leukemia

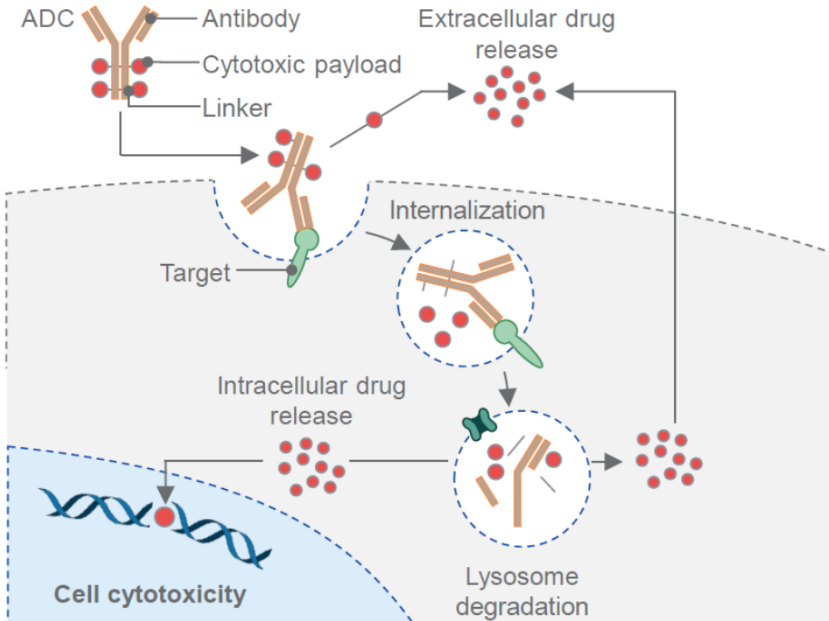


Wirkweise ADC Therapien



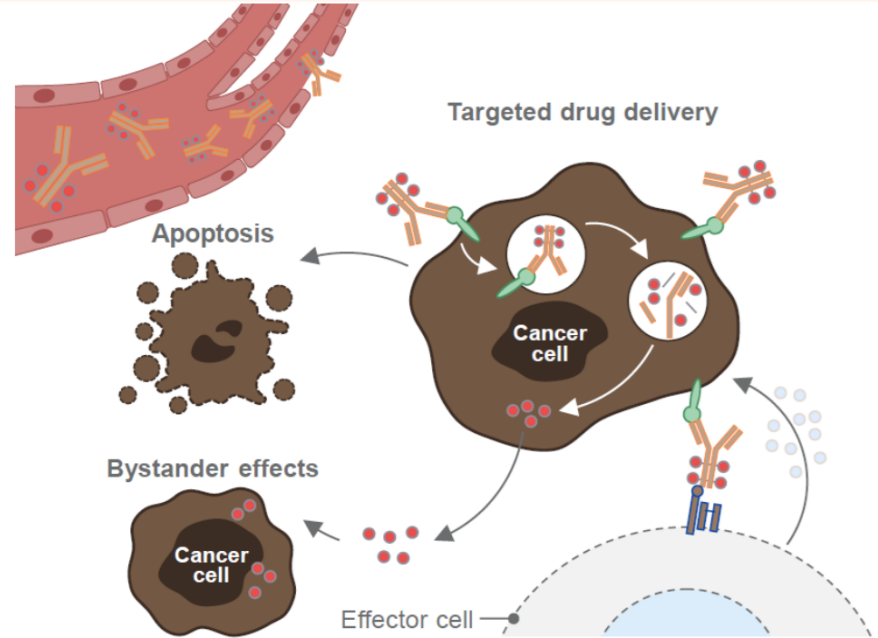
Bystander Effect:

Killing of antigen-negative cells due to payload release before internalization or membrane permeability



Additional ADC Effects:

- Antibody driven (ADCC, CDC, ADCP)
- Target-driven effects



ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; ADCC, antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity; ADCP, antibody-dependent cell-mediated phagocytosis; CDC, complement-dependent cytotoxicity.

Chau CH, et al. Lancet. 2019;394:793-804; Fu Z, et al. Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2022;7:93; Tarantino P, et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2023;20:558-576.

Wirkweise ADC Therapien

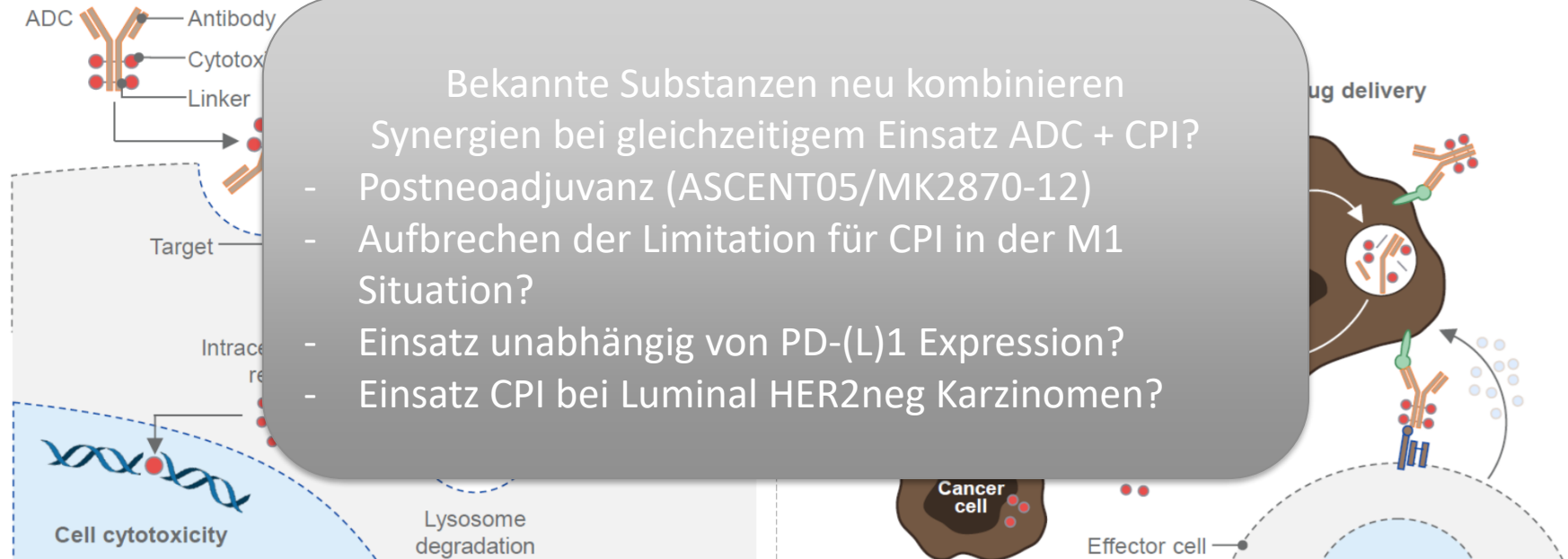
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Bystander Effect:

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Additional ADC Effects:

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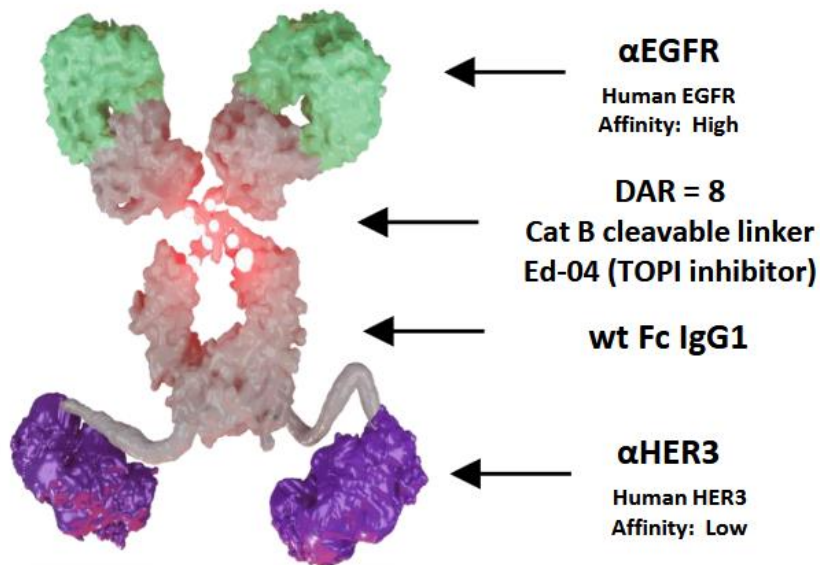
ADC, antibody-drug conjugate; ADCC, antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity; ADCP, antibody-dependent cell-mediated phagocytosis; CDC, complement-dependent cytotoxicity.

Chau CH, et al. Lancet. 2019;394:793-804; Fu Z, et al. Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2022;7:93; Tarantino P, et al. Nat Rev Clin Oncol. 2023;20:558-576.

Neue ADC-Therapien (Auszug)

Izalontamab brengitecan BL-B01D1

BL-B01D1 (EGFRxHER3 ADC)



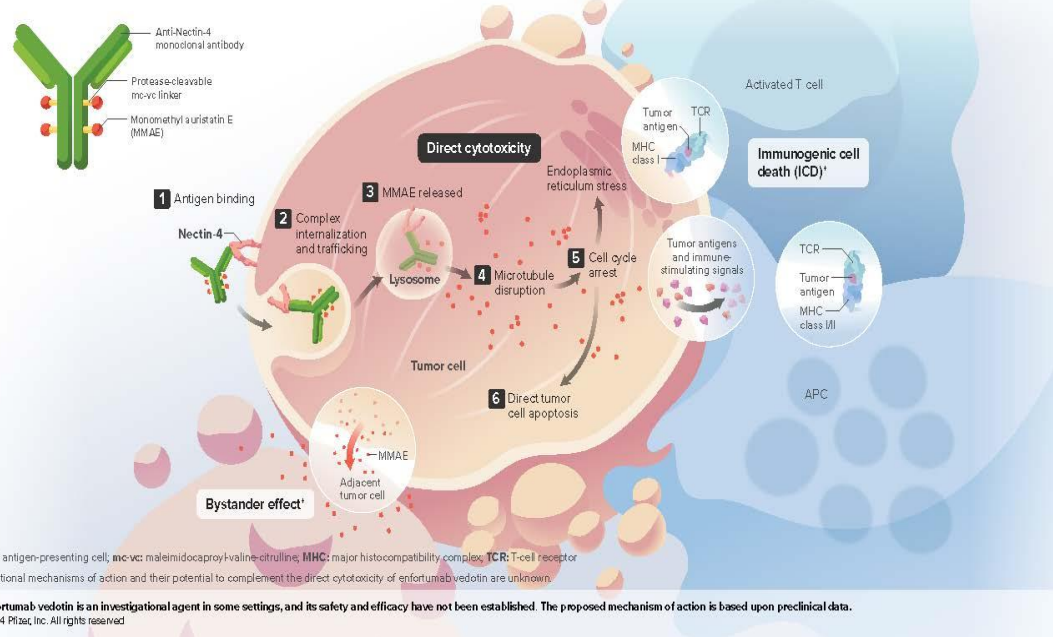
- First in class bispezifischer Anti-HER3/EGFR ADC
- 2 new targets in the field of BC
- Topoisomerase-I-Inhibitor payload
- Cleavable
- DAR 8

Enfortumab vedotin

- NECTIN4 gerichteter ADC
- Monomethylauristatin E Payload
- Neues Target und neue Payload im Bereich BC
- Mikrotubuli Inhibitor
- DAR 3.8
- Enfortumab Vedotin ist beim metast. Urothel-CA zugelassen

ENFORTUMAB VEDOTIN

Proposed mechanism of action of an antibody–drug conjugate directed to Nectin-4*



Enfortumab vedotin

Trial	Regime	Phase	Indikation	(Vorläufige) Ergebnisse
NCT04225117	Enfortumab vedotin	Phase 2	mBC: HR+ HER2- (cohort 1), TNBC (cohort 2)	Safety in both cohorts was manageable and consistent with previous reports ¹

TNBC cohort (N=42)

64% had ≥2L systemic tx for metastatic BC

33% had prior sacituzumab govitecan

HR+/HER2- BC cohort (N=45)

73% had ≥3L systemic tx for metastatic BC

Efficacy Parameters	TNBC N=42	HR+/HER2- N=45
Confirmed ORR, n (%)	8 (19.0)	7 (15.6)
Confirmed DCR, n (%)	24 (57.1)	23 (51.1)
Time to response, mo, median (range)	1.8 (1.6, 3.6)	3.5 (1.7, 5.5)
DOR	3.8 (1.9, 3.9)	7.2 (3.5, 7.2)
PFS	3.5 (2.1, 4.6)	5.4 (3.4, 5.7)
OS	12.9 (10.3, NE)	19.8 (12.8, NE)

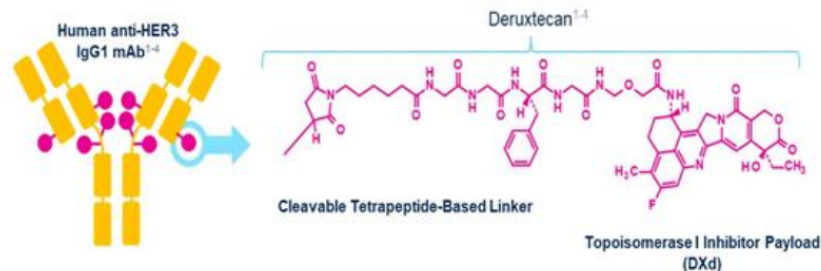
Values are median (95% CI) in mo unless otherwise noted.

+ indicates censoring. NE, not estimable.

Patritumab deruxtecan (HER3-DXd)

Background

- Despite the improved clinical outcomes achieved with endocrine therapy + CDK4/6 inh in HR+/HER2- advanced breast cancer, effective therapeutic options are limited after disease progression¹⁻³
- **High expression of Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor-3 (HER3)** is associated with **poor prognosis** and plays a key role in **resistance to PI3K/AKT/mTOR inh, HER2-targeting therapies and endocrine therapy**⁴⁻¹²
- **HER3-DXd** is an antibody-drug conjugate composed of an anti-HER3 monoclonal antibody conjugated to a topoisomerase-I inh by a cleavable peptide linker¹³⁻¹⁶
- Prior phase I and II studies showed **promising activity of HER3-DXd** across breast cancer subtypes and across a range of HER3 membrane expression¹⁷⁻²⁰

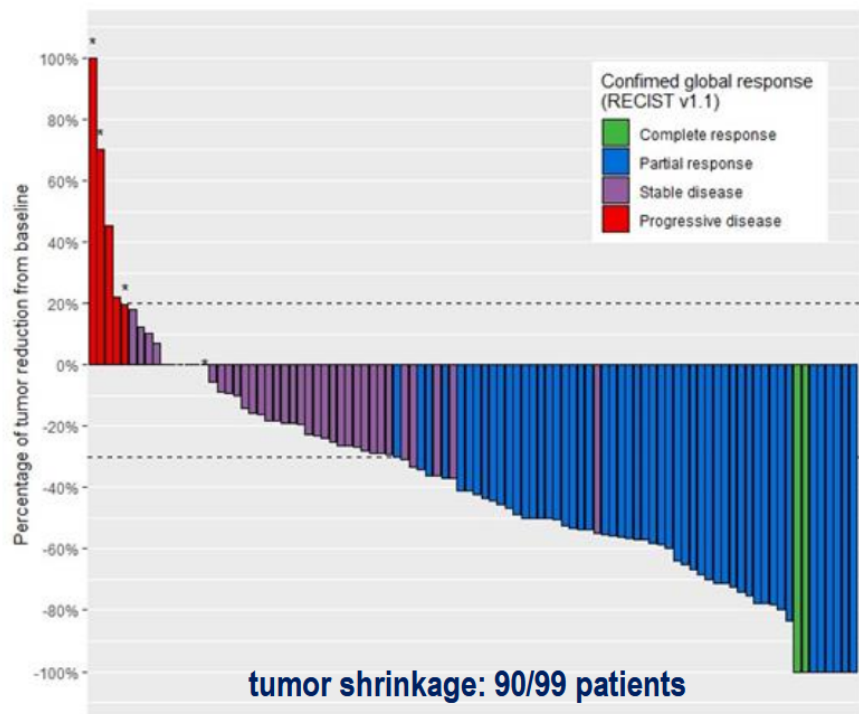


Pistilli ESMO 2024

ICARUS-BREAST01 (HER3-DXd)

94% ERpos; HER2neg 99%

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N=99		
	n	% [95%CI] ^a
Confirmed ORR^b	53	53.5 [43.2; 63.6]
CR	2	2.0 [0.2; 7.1]
PR	51	51.5 [41.3; 61.7]
SD	37	37.4 [27.8; 47.7]
PD	7	7.1 [2.9; 14.0]
NE ^c	2	2.0 [0.2; 7.1]
CBR^d	62	62.6 [52.3; 72.1]

No significant association between HER2 expression and ORR (*p*-value 0.8)^e

BARCELONA 2024 ESMO congress

a. Clopper-Pearson (Exact) method was used for confidence interval; b. Confirmation of response must be demonstrated with a new tumor assessment 4 weeks or later from the initial response; c. 2 patients were not evaluable for ORR: one patient had only one tumor assessment with PR and then treatment discontinued due to clinical progression, a second patient had not evaluable as global response of target lesions. d. CBR is defined as the presence of at least a confirmed PR or CR, or a stable disease (SD) >6 months; e. logistic regression model was performed to estimate association between HER2 expression and ORR

Conclusion and perspectives

- HER3-DXd showed clinically meaningful activity and manageable safety profile in patients with HR+/HER2- ABC progressing after 2 or more lines of therapy, including CDK4/6inh:
ORR 53.5% [95%CI, 43.2; 63.6]; mDoR 8.7 [8.1; 12.5]; mPFS 9.4 mos [95%CI 8.1; 13.4]
- Activity of HER3-DXd was observed **across a range of tumor HER3 and HER2 membrane expression by IHC**
- Although with the limitations of the small sample size, exploratory biomarker analysis suggest that:
 - distribution of HER3-DXd in the tumor may play a role in determining a better treatment response
 - up-regulation of genes involved in immune response, particularly interferon alpha and gamma were significantly enriched in the entire cohort and among responders
- **Efficacy and safety profile of HER3-DXd make this ADC an optimal candidate for further larger trials in patients with HR+/HER2- ABC after failure of CDK4/6 inhibitors**

Sacituzumab tirumotecan (TROP2)

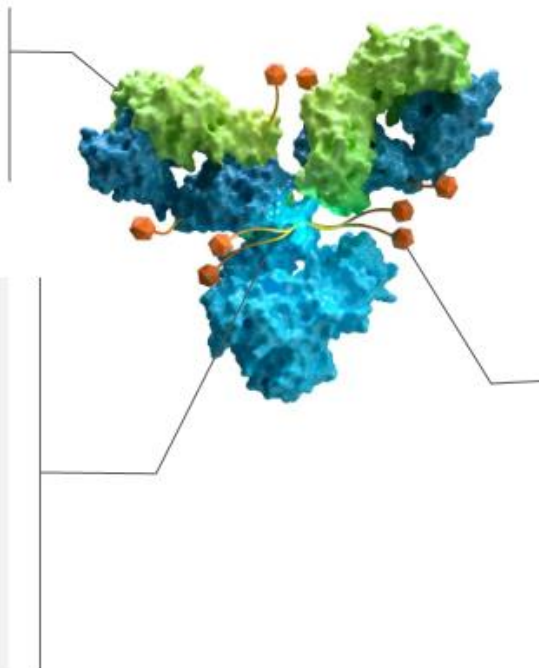
Figure 1. Structure of sac-TMT

Antibody

- hRS7, a recombinant humanized anti-TROP2 antibody with high affinity

Linker

- **Kthiol conjugation:** irreversible coupling to improve stability of ADC
- **Payload release:** intracellular cleavage and extracellular hydrolysis in TME
- **Balanced stability:** balance between efficacy and safety to expand therapeutic window



Payload

- **Novel topo I inhibitor** (a belotecan derivative), highly active
- Average **DAR: 7.4** (range: 7–8)
- **Bystander effect**
- Methylsulfonyl derivatization enhances linker stability and toxin permeability

TME: tumor microenvironment DAR: drug-to-antibody ratio

Yin et al. ESMO 2024

Sacituzumab tirumotecan (TROP2)

- OptiTROP-Breast01: phase III
sacituzumab tirumotecan vs TPC
(eribulin, vinorelbine, capecitabine,
or gemcitabine) bei mTNBC
- 2 oder mehr vorangegangene Linien
- medianes PFS 5.7 mo (95% CI, 4.3 to
7.2) mit ST vs 2.3 months (95% CI,
1.6 to 2.7) mit Chemo
- Statistisch signifikanter OS Vorteil
(HR 0.53; 95% CI, 0.36 to 0.78;
P=0.0005; median not reached)

Event, N (%)	Sac-TMT (N=130)		TPC (N=132)	
	With prior PD-(L)1 inhibitors (N=32)	Without prior PD-(L)1 inhibitors (N=98)	With prior PD-(L)1 inhibitors (N=36)	Without prior PD-(L)1 inhibitors (N=96)
Any TRAE	32 (100.0)	98 (100.0)	34 (94.4)	93 (96.9)
Grade ≥3	20 (62.5)	62 (63.3)	21 (58.3)	54 (56.3)
Serious	6 (18.8)	21 (21.4)	3 (8.3)	15 (15.6)
Leading to dose reduction	9 (28.1)	31 (31.6)	8 (22.2)	13 (13.5)
Leading to dose interruption	18 (56.3)	55 (56.1)	16 (44.4)	38 (39.6)
Leading to treatment discontinuation	0	2 (2.0)	0	2 (2.1)
Leading to death	0	1 (1.0)	0	0

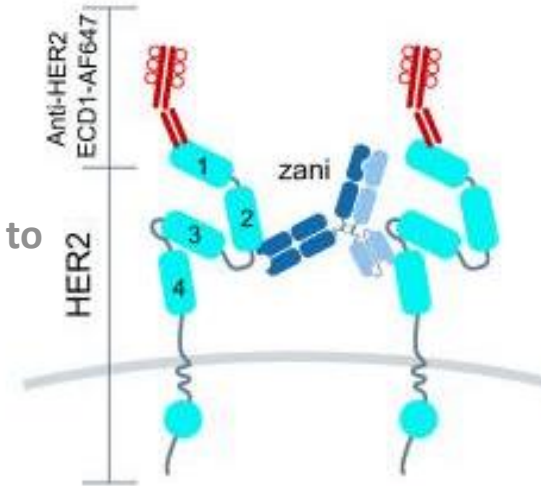
Xu et al. ASCO 2024
Yin et al. ESMO 2024

Neue Antikörper Therapien (Auszug)

Zanidatamab biparatopisch Anti-HER2

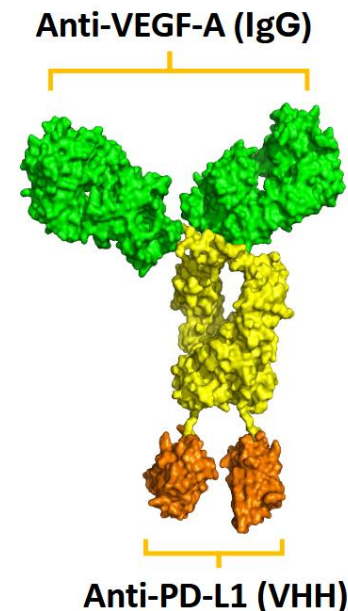
- Zanidatamab: biparatopischer IgG1-like Ab directed against ECD4 (trastuzumab) and ECD2 (pertuzumab) of HER2.
- Multiple mechanisms of action including induction of HER2 clustering to trigger complement dependent cytotoxicity, signal inhibition, antibody dependent cellular cytotoxicity and phagocytosis.
- HER2+ mBC: median PFS of 12 mo with zanzidatamab + fulvestrant + palbociclib in pts with median 4 prior lines of treatment for mBC.²
- HER2+ eBC: neoadj. zanidatamab +/- ET as chemo-free treatment showed a preliminary pCR rate of 36%, which is promising compared to other trials (24% for T+P+ET) (15% for T+ET).^{3,4,5}
- FDA approval for met. HER2pos biliary tract carcinoma in 2024

1. Weisser Nat Commun 2023, 2. Escrivá-de-Romani SABCS 2023
3. Valero ESMO open 2023 4. Gluz JAMA Oncol 2023, 5. Harbeck JCO 2017



- Bispezifischer Antikörper PD-L1/VEGF-A
- VEGF-A zielt darauf ab, die immunsuppressive Wirkung des Tumor-Mirco-Environements zu modulieren
- Nicht geeignete Tumore für ein CPI zugänglich machen?
- Open-label, single-arm, multi-center, Phase Ib/II study of PM8002/BNT327 + nab-paclitaxel for 1L TNBC (NCT05918133) in China
- Response Rates und PFS wurden auf ESMO und SABCS 2024 präsentiert (leider einarmig)

1. Wu et al. ESMO 2024
2. Wu et al. SABCS 2024

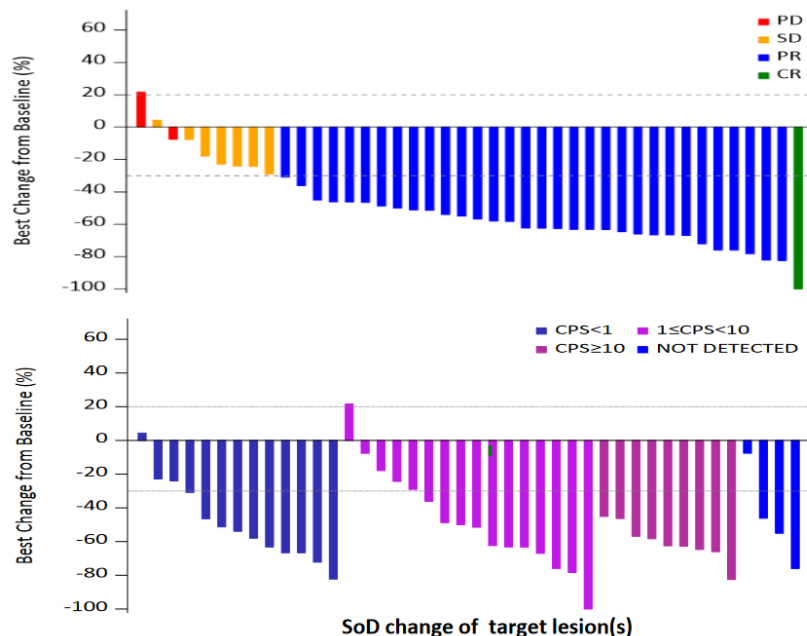


Efficacy in the Overall Population and by PD-L1 expression

- PM8002/BNT327 showed clinically meaningful efficacy irrespective of PD-L1 status (assessed by means of the PD-L1 IHC E1L3N assay)

Variable	ITT	PD-L1 CPS<1	PD-L1 1≤CPS<10	PD-L1 CPS≥10	NOT DETECTED
Population (n)	42	13	16	9	4
CR	1 (2.4)	0 (0.0)	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
PR	32 (76.2)	10 (76.9)	10 (62.5)	9 (100.0)	3 (75.0)
SD	7 (16.7)	3 (23.1)	4 (25.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
PD	2 (4.8)	0 (0.0)	1 (6.3)	0 (0.0)	1 (25.0)
ORR % (95% CI)	78.6 (63.2, 89.7)	76.9 (46.2, 95.0)	68.8 (41.3, 89.0)	100.0 (66.4, 100.0)	75.0 (19.4, 99.4)
cORR % (95% CI)	73.8 (58.0, 86.1)	76.9 (46.2, 95.0)	56.3 (29.9, 80.3)	100.0 (66.4, 100.0)	75.0 (19.4, 99.4)
DCR % (95% CI)	95.2 (83.8, 99.4)	100.0 (75.3, 100.0)	93.8 (69.8, 99.8)	100.0 (66.4, 100.0)	75.0 (19.4, 99.4)
mPFS (Mo), (95%CI)	13.5 (9.4, --)	NR (5.7, --)	14.0 (7.2, --)	10.8 (5.5, 13.5)	14.0 (1.8, --)

- For the ITT population, mTTR was 1.9 mo and mDoR 11.7 mo; mOS was not reached



ORR
74%

- Viele Substanzen sind neu verfügbar
- Viele Einsatz-Situationen und alle mögliche Kombinationen von bereits verfügbaren Substanzen sind noch nicht untersucht
- Noch mehr Substanzen sind in Entwicklung, so dass die Übersicht schwer fällt
- Rasche Veränderungen der Therapiestandards erschwert den Vergleich zusätzlich
- ADC sind auf dem Vormarsch in frühe Linien und ggfs in die frühe Erkrankungssituation
- Zielgerichtete endokrine Therapien wie SERDs und PIK3 gerichtete Substanzen werden mutmaßlich in die frühen Situationen rücken
- Voraussetzung ist die Targets/Mutationen zu kennen!
- Bitte frühzeitig bei Metastasierung mit HER2neg Mammakarzinom somatisch und Keimbahn testen

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Brustkrebs-Forschung

